# CEWEP Country Report 2016

# Hungary



### A. Amount of Waste

Year 2014	In million tonnes
	3.795
	3.136
	0.659
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Total amount of industrial/commercial waste	
Total amount of waste	

# B. Treatment of Waste

In your <u>country</u> (concerning MW)	%	Year 2014	In million tonnes
Recycling (including composting)	31.2		1.159
Incineration	10		0.372
Landfilling	58.8		2.181

Total Amount of thermally treated waste in million tonnes	Country	Organisation/ company
In WtE plants/dedicated RDF plants		2014: 0.378
		2015: 0.377
In Cement kilns		

Number of	Country	Organisation/ company
WtE plants		1
Dedicated RDF plants		
R1 plants		1

Capacity development in your country	Years			
	2017 – 20	20	2021 – 202	25
	Additional Capacity, ktonnes	Additional number of plants	Additional Capacity, ktonnes	Additional number of plants
Planned Waste-to-Energy plants:			500	1
Planned RDF plants:			200	2

<sup>&</sup>quot;Municipal Waste" (MW) means waste from households as well as commercial, industrial and institutional waste, which because of its nature and composition is similar to waste from households (excluding hazardous waste).

<sup>&</sup>quot;Solid Recovered Fuels" (SRF):- solid fuel prepared from non-hazardous waste to be utilised for energy recovery in incineration or co-incineration plants, and meeting the classification and specification requirements laid down in CEN/TS W100343003.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refuse Derived Fuels" (RDF): broader than definition of SRF. In the Country Report only RDF expression is used and it comprises SRF as well.

All (if it is not possible to specify separately)				
C. Energy production in Wast	e-to-Energy	and dedicated	RDF plants	

# 1. Total Electricity and Heat production in Waste-to-Energy and dedicated RDF plants

Reference year: 2014 (if data from 2015 are available, please add them and specify the year)

Total Electricity and Heat production	Waste-to-Energy plants and dedicated RDF plants	
	Country	Organisation/company
Reference amount of thermally		2014: 0.378
treated waste in million tonnes:		2015: 0.377
Number of plants:		1
Electricity produced		2014: 0.161
in million MWh/ year		2015: 0.154
Electricity exported		2014: 0.132
in million MWh/ year		2015: 0.129
Heat* produced		2014: 0.209
in million MWh/ year		2015: 0.220
Heat* exported		2014: 0.147
in million MWh/ year		2015: 0.158

<sup>\*</sup> incl. heating, cooling and steam

# 2. Recognition of energy produced in Waste-to-Energy and RDF plants as renewable

How much %? (Please indicate if it refers to energy production or waste input): \_50%\_\_\_\_

Contribution of WtE to the production of renewable energy in your country (%) \_\_\_\_\_

In your <u>country</u>	Electricity	Heat
Market price per kWh in €cent/kWh	4 €cent/kWh	1.32 €cent/kWh
Subsidy or market based instruments (Please specify e.g. green certificates, feed in tariffs)	no subsidy	no subsidy
Price incl. subsidy or market based instruments in €cent/kWh		

# D. Residues

Reference year: 2014 (if data from 2015 are available, please add them and specify the year)

Slag/bottom ash	Country	Organisation/company
Annual amount		2014: 0.077
in million tonnes:		2015: 0.084
Method of utilisation or		landfill
disposal (%): (road construction, cement production,		
construction block fabrication, landfill)		
Recovery of metals:		2014 F:0.012
• Annual amount (%):		2015 F:0.005
<ul><li>Ferrous (F) material extracted (gross weight, %):</li><li>Non Ferrous (NF) material extracted (gross</li></ul>		separation system under reconstruction

weight, %): • Typical composition of the other NF, inert):	NF fraction (% Al,		
FGC (Flue Gas Cleaning)	Country	<u> </u>	Organisation/company
residues, (incl. filter dust and boiler ash)			
Annual amount		2	014: 0.0117
in million tonnes:		2	015: 0.0114
Method of treatment or disposal (e.g. stabilisation, salt mine hazardous landfill site):	·,	h	azardous landfill site
E. Export a	and Import of MUNIC	IPAL and SIMILA	R WASTE
Into/from your <u>country,</u> refere			
E	MSW	<u> </u>	<u>RDF</u>
Export			
Import			
	,	1	
	F. Responsibilities	Public - Private	
Type of waste:	Responsibility for treatment: Public/Private	Responsibility collection and transport: Public/Private	for Municipalities' responsibility for monitoring: Yes/No
from private households	Public/Private	Public	Yes
commercial waste similar to household waste	Public/Private	Public	No
industrial/commercial waste	Public/Private	Public/Private	No
hazardous waste	Public/Private	Public/Private	No
	G. Refuse Derived	d Fuels (RDF)	
In your country, reference yea	ar:		
1. Amount of RDF/ye			
•	ction:		
b. Potential:			
	et development etc.):		

Capacity for mechanical-biological treatment/ year

Currently: \_\_\_\_\_\_
Planned: \_\_\_\_\_

3.

### H. Prices and taxes

### 1. Waste-to-Energy prices for Municipal Waste (MW)

Reference year: \_\_2014\_\_\_\_

Average Net fee in €/tonne	VAT (Value Added Tax) rate %
55	27

	Tax in €/tonne MW	Tax for export in €/tonne MW	Tax for import in €/tonne MW	Rules to avoid double taxation if MS of destination and of dispatch have taxes	Comments
Incineration	-				
Co-Incineration	-				

Waste-to-Energy total price in €/tonne MW \_\_55 + VAT\_\_\_\_\_

### 2. Landfill taxes and bans

Reference year: \_\_2014\_\_\_(FKF Zrt Budapest)\_\_\_

Average Net fee for landfilling in €/tonne	VAT (Value Added Tax) rate %	Landfill <u>tax</u> in €/tonne (If landfill tax is planned please indicate when and the amount planned)	Total price for landfilling €/tonne MW	Landfill ban (If landfill ban is planned please indicate when and for what type of waste)
41	27	19	60 + VAT	

### I. Investment

- 1. The average investment cost per tonne of annual capacity (for a new plant, considering 15-20 years operation):
- 2. Investment cost regarding flue gas cleaning system (% of total investment):
- 3. The average investment cost per MW heat and electricity installed respectively:

### J. Employment

The amount of employment created by the Waste-to-Energy industry

Jobs (full time equivalent) per WtE plant including operation process, administration and outsourced personnel hired on regular basis i.e. during maintenance (reference to total capacity): \_\_\_\_160\_\_\_\_\_

You can also provide this information in another unit, e.g. jobs per 100,000 t/a capacity