Waste-to-Energy Raising efficiency with Energy Storage Technologies – Potential and Best Practice

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The German Energy Storage Association (BVES)

- The BVES is the industrial association of German energy storage companies that is open to all technologies in the areas of electricity, heat and mobility.
- We are a dialogue partner for politics, administration, science and publicity. With targeted lobbying at the interfaces of political decision making we are trying to improve the German regulation and policy framework.
- In addition, the BVES monitors research and development activities and informs members of new results and developments.









Members (extract)































































































































Storage is an ideal tool...

Optimization of self-consumption

- Peak load smoothing
- Black-Start capability
- Voltage control
 - Raising efficiency
 - Inertia reserve
- Back up energy

Positive/negative control energy

- Reactive power compensation
- Off-grid supply
- Shifting excess energy to other sectors











Industrial Storage Market

- Since last 3 years growing market.
- Subsidies in various federal states (e.g. North Rhine-Westphalia, Thuringia).
- ~ 700 projects in Germany: agriculture, multifamily houses, trade business and industry
- Waste-to-Energy → "Too good to waste"











Waste to Heat and Electricity – "Hungerkamp" project in Braunschweig, GER replacing 34 coal, gas and oil burners

The complex consists of four parts: a cogeneration plant, a wood boiler, a natural gas boiler and heat storage.

9,200 MWh/a of electricity for

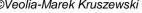
~ 1.000 households

 15,600 MWh/a of heat to ~ 2,000 households

Saving emission of 8,000 tons of CO2 per year

"Global District Energy Climate Award" for the innovative and environmentally friendly concept







Raising efficiency: Mobile Sorption Heat Storage in Industrial Waste Heat Recovery

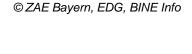
CHARGING with 130°C hot air at the waste heat incineration plant

 DISCHARGING 7 km far away at an industrial drying process with humid exhaust air from the dryer

14 tons of zeolite realize a storage capacity of 2.3 MWh and save
 616 kg carbon dioxide per cycle

Zeolites store heat very compactly and almost without losses due to their microporous framework structure







Veolia - Lithium Ion Battery at a Waste to Energy Plant in Ellesmere Port,

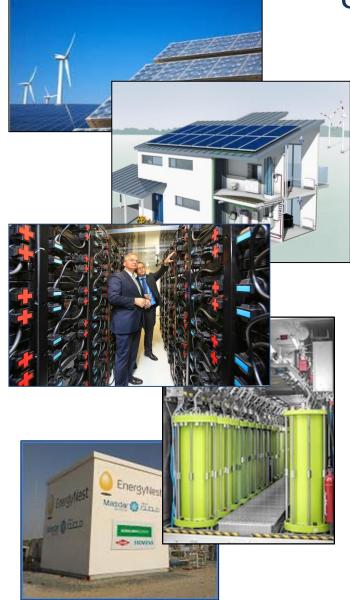
UK

- Lithium Ion 500kW/385kWh grid friendly
 - Lowering electricity demand on the local network
 - Maintaining the essential load in the event of a power outage
 - Feeding power to the grid to the grid when needed
- Improving the energy and environmental performance of the WtE Plant

Decentralising, decarbonizing and digitalising the grid whilst supporting overloaded grid networks."







- Energy storage = Swiss army knife
- Residential, industrial and large scale applications are in service and economically viable

Numerous "Waste-to-Energy" applications have been realized so far by means of energy storage

 Cross sectoral integration offers a huge potential of useful applications

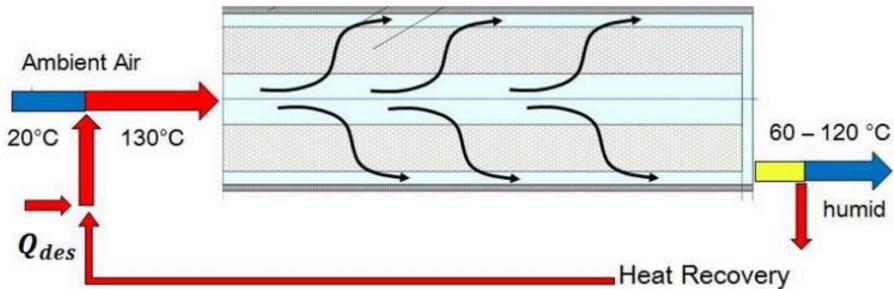






BACKUP - Technology Chart of Mobile Sorption Heat Storage

Charging (Desorption)



Schematics of the charging process with heat recovery

