

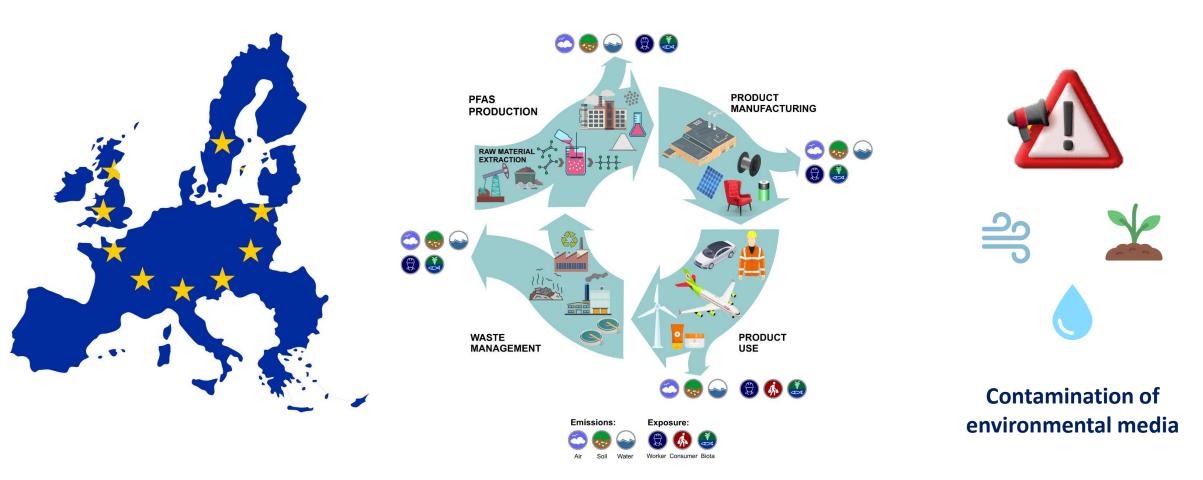
# CEWEP Waste-to-Energy Congress 2025

6<sup>th</sup> June 2025, Gdańsk

# **Introduction PFAS Seminar**

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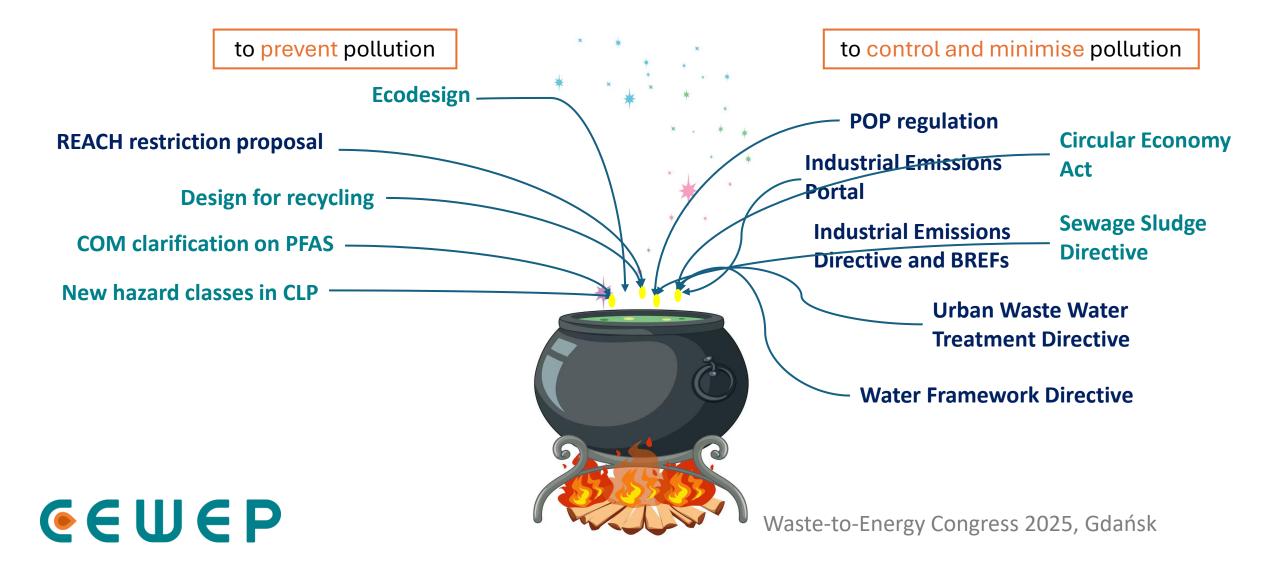
## **PFAS** pollution



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Waste-to-Energy Congress 2025, Gdańsk

## **EU** actions



#### **POP Regulation**

Stipulation for waste streams exceeding certain levels of POPs, above which destruction or irreversible transformation of the POPs must be ensured:

POP	POP level (mg/kg)
PFOS and derivatives	50
PFOA and its salts	1
Sum of PFOA-related compounds	40
PFHxS and its salts	1
Sum of PFHxS-related compounds	40



#### **POP Regulation**

# In November 2022, the Annex IV and V (concentration limits) of POP regulation have been amended to include new LPCL

In addition, the provision below was added:

The Commission shall assess whether it would be appropriate to amend Directive 2008/98/EC or Decision 2000/532/EC, or both, to recognise that waste containing any persistent organic pollutants exceeding the concentration limits specified in Annex IV to Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 is to be classified as hazardous, and, if appropriate, based on that assessment and not later than 36 months after entry into force of this Regulation, shall put forward a legislative proposal to amend Directive 2008/98/EC or a proposal to amend Decision 2000/532/EC, or both, accordingly.





## **Industrial Emissions Portal Regulation**

#### **Emission data as from 2027**

• A new list of substances and thresholds in Annex II (adding and removing depending on

their relevance) will be published through Commission delegated act no later than 31

December 2025.

The additional substances currently recommended for inclusion are: Phthalates and bisphenols, PM2.5, **PFAS (Total) and/or additional PFAS subgroups**, Polychlorinated naphthalenes and HBCDD, Antimony, cobalt, manganese, selenium, thallium, and vanadium.

 The IEPR is closely linked to the revised Industrial Emissions Directive, both in terms of scope and reporting requirements. The inclusion of a pollutant in Annex II of IEPR is not only relevant for reporting purposes and mapping of the sources of pollution in the EU, but it is also a potential trigger for setting an Emission Limit Value in IED permits.



### Industrial Emissions Directive & BREFs

#### The IED has another tool to regulate emissions:

• **BREFs** = sectoral documents that describe Best Available Techniques and their associated emission levels, including PFAS emissions

- Recent BREFs require monitoring of PFAS horizontally
- It is expected that PFAS will be included in the newly started Landfill BREF



### **Revised Drinking Water Directive**

#### limit of 0.5 $\mu g/L$ for PFAS\_{total} and 0.1 $\mu g/L$ for sum of PFAS\_{20}

- COM published <u>technical guidelines</u> for monitoring methods for PFAS<sub>total</sub> and sum of PFAS<sub>20</sub>
- Member States must apply one or both parameters (compliance by Jan 2026)

### Water Framework Directive

# <u>COM proposal</u> amending the Water Framework Directive, the Environmental Quality Standards Directive and the Groundwater Directive (to check)

- Adding 24 PFAS to the list of priority substances in surface water and to the list of pollutants in groundwater
- Threshold of 4.4 ng/L in surface and groundwater and of 0.077 µg/L wet weight in biota expressed as PFOA equivalents using the relative potency factor approach for sum of 24 PFAS

#### **Urban Wastewater Treatment Directive**

#### Monitoring of PFAS in urban wastewater and sludge

- For all agglomerations of ≥ 10 000 p.e. monitoring of 'PFAS Total' and 'Sum of PFAS'
- COM is empowered to adopt implementing acts to establish a harmonised methodology for measuring 'PFAS Total' and 'Sum of PFAS' in urban wastewater by July 2027
- Extended Producer Responsibility Schemes for micropollutants (pharmaceuticals & cosmetics) to cover monitoring, investment and operational costs

#### **Revision Sewage Sludge Directive?**

### EU standardisation process for PFAS monitoring

"At the CEN/TC 264 plenary meeting 2024 it was discussed that establishing a working group

"PFAS" would be a good way to discuss, harmonize and coordinate the national activities on

sampling and analyses covering stack emissions and ambient air. If a standardization request

arrives, feedback and a response should be ready. Meeting in July 2025. "

